Performance Goals and Indicators—Adult Plan

Criterion 1: Comprehensive Community-Based Mental Health Service Systems

Performance Indicator

Decreased rate of readmissions to State Psychiatric Hospitals within 30 days. <u>Reduced Utilization of Psychiatric Inpatient Beds</u>

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	8.9%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Numerator	144	136	161	161	167
Denominator	1,626	1,695	1,817	1,817	1,817

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

Admissions/discharges increased during FY05, however, 30 day readmission rate decreased by .9%. Targets for FY06 and FY07 were set to maintain the current level of 30-day readmission rates. However, the Division of Mental Health will continue to work closely with the state psychiatric facility and the community mental health centers to look for opportunities in reducing the number of hospitalizations of individuals with SPMI.

Decreased rate of readmissions to State Psychiatric Hospitals within 180 days. <u>Reduced Utilization of Psychiatric Inpatient Beds</u>

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	8.7%	6.8%	14.3%	10%	10%
Numerator	173	119	261	181	181
Denominator	1,998	1,744	1,817	1,817	1,817

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

During FY05, psychiatric admissions increased from previous fiscal years. In the past several years HSC has experienced a significant increase in admissions with a higher percentage being involuntary commitments versus voluntary admissions. As involuntary admissions have increased, the readmission rate for individuals has also increased. Targets for FY06 and FY07 have been set to reflect a decrease from current FY05 levels. The Division of Mental Health will continue to work closely with the state psychiatric facility and the community mental health centers to look for opportunities in reducing the number of hospitalizations of individuals with SPMI.

Number of persons with SPMI receiving evidence-based practices through ACT. Evidence-based practices

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	212	225	219	223	225

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

Although the goal of 10 additional individuals receiving ACT was not achieved, there was an increase over FY2004 of seven individuals. As IMPACT programs are only located in 4 areas of the state, the addition of new individuals to the programs is dependent on staff to consumer ratio and maintaining fidelity to the ACT model.

The Division of Mental Health, along with IMPACT Programs have identified individuals who require the intense services that IMPACT provides. These individuals have failed numerous times in other community placements, and have had frequent psychiatric hospitalizations. The Division of Mental Health and the IMPACT Programs will continue to work together to assure there is a baseline fidelity to the evidence based ACT model, along with ensuring that services provided through IMPACT are outcome driven.

The Division of Mental Health believes that IMPACT is an important service to offer to adult consumers who have failed in less intensive services. Providing appropriate mental health services to these adults is a priority of the DMH and the mental health block grant legislation. The Division of Mental Health will continue to explore opportunities for increasing this evidence-based practice statewide.

Number of persons with SPMI receiving evidence-based practice of Integrated Treatment. <u>Evidence-based practices</u>

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	49	62	44	50	55

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

The Division of Mental Health and the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse have a cooperative agreement regarding Serenity Hills. Serenity Hills is a custodial care facility providing services to adults with a co-occurring disorder, where alcohol/drug services and mental health services are integrated in a multidisciplinary model. The services are seamless, with a consistent approach and philosophy.

The original goal of 62 individuals being served through integrated treatment was overestimated. SFY05 actually decreased from total served in SFY04. This decrease was due to longer length of stays for individuals. It is difficult to predict whether this trend will continue, therefore FY06 and FY07 numbers show moderate increases.

Number of consumers reporting positively about outcomes. Client Perception of Care

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	NA	63%	56.4%	63%	70%
Numerator	NA	227	127	227	266
Denominator	NA	360	225	360	380

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting increased positive outcomes related to delivery of mental health services is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of consumers receiving CMHC services who report they are working

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	43.5%	46%	39.8%	46%	50%
Numerator	158	169	97	169	188
Denominator	363	367	244	367	376

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting increased employment opportunities is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of consumers receiving CMHC services who report participation in treatment planning

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	64.6%	72%	65.2%	72%	80%
Numerator	219	264	150	264	300
Denominator	339	366	230	366	376

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. However, the percentage did increase slightly from FY04 to FY05.

The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting participation in treatment planning is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system. The Division will also continue to work very closely with community mental health centers to ensure active participation in treatment.

Percentage of consumers receiving CMHC services who report increased levels of functioning

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	78.5%	83%	63.6%	83%	88%
Numerator	267	289	145	289	317
Denominator	340	348	228	348	360

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting increased levels of functioning related to delivery of mental health services is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of consumers receiving CMHC services who report living independently

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	91.4%	92.6%	84.2%	92.6%	95%
Numerator	318	340	208	340	357
Denominator	348	367	247	367	376

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting independent living is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of consumers receiving CMHC services who report involvement in the criminal justice system during the last year

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	25.3%	21%	4.4%	15%	13%
Numerator	93	76	11	54	48
Denominator	368	361	250	361	370

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for adults with SPMI to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was attained. However, the Division of Mental Health does not feel this percentage is accurate across the state. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting decreased contact with the criminal justice system is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Criterion 2: Mental Health System Data Epidemiology

Performance Indicator

Number of persons with SPMI Increased Access to Services

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	21.8%	22.3%	24.2%	24.6%	25.2%
Numerator	3,654	3,738	4,063	4,132	4,221
Denominator	16,765	16,765	16,765	16,765	16,765

Goal

Ensure all individuals statewide have access to appropriate mental health services.

<u>Narrative Explanation</u>
The FY05 number of adults with SPMI includes additional individuals who were served through an expansion of funding received to alleviate waiting lists. The FY06 and FY07 targets include the number of individuals estimated to be served through the requested expansion based on waiting lists.

Criterion 4: Targeted Services to Rural and Homeless Populations

Name of Performance Indicator

Number of adults who are homeless, or at risk of homelessness, receiving PATH housing funds

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	27.6%	39.6%	NA	27.6%	27.6%
Numerator	718	1,031	NA	718	718
Denominator	2,603	2,603	NA	2,603	2,603

<u>Goal</u>

Provide comprehensive mental health services to homeless and rural populations of adults with SPMI.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The Division of Mental Health does not break out number served by adults/children, therefore this number reflects total count of individuals both adults and children that received PATH funds. In FFY03, 1027 individuals were served through PATH. The Division, at the time of development of this Block grant based the targets for future years on that number. In FFY04 the Division of Mental Health reallocated PATH funding based on a statewide assessment of homeless individuals. The more urban areas of Sioux Falls and Rapid City have the largest homeless populations; therefore, PATH funding was reallocated to address the greater needs in these two areas. This reallocation, along with staff vacancies in both PATH Programs may explain the drop in numbers served through PATH. The final reports for FY05 PATH numbers are not due until the end of December. Therefore, actual FY05 numbers cannot be reported at this time.

Assuring that PATH resources are being provided appropriately and according to the needs of individuals in the target population is a primary goal of the mental health block grant law and a contingency of PATH funding. The Division of Mental Health will continue to monitor this performance indicator closely to ensure resources for PATH funding are being used appropriately,

Number of adults with SPMI receiving publicly funded services in catchment areas that are predominately frontier

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance	21.6%	22.9%	27.8%	29.1%	30.4%
Indicator	21.070	22.970	27.070	29.170	30.470
Numerator	169	179	218	228	238
Denominator	783	783	783	783	783

Goal

Provide comprehensive mental health services to homeless and rural populations of adults with SPMI.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was accomplished. The numbers reported are for adults receiving CARE mental health services.

Three Rivers Mental Health Center and Southern Plains Behavioral Health Services provide services in the most rural areas of South Dakota. These agencies also serve three of four of the State's largest Indian Reservations. Assuring access to mental health services for adults suffering from SPMI is a primary goal of the Division of Mental Health.

Criterion 5: Management Systems

Name of Performance Indicator

Average amount of public funds expended on mental health services for adults with SPMI

Population

Adults with severe and persistent mental illness

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	3,212	3,136	2,830	2,854	2,838
Numerator	11,491,624	11,517,121	11,233,145	11,513,974	11,686,683
Denominator	3,578	3,673	4,063	4,034	4,118

Goal

Ensure resources for services to adults with SPMI are allocated based on consumer need.

Narrative Explanation

Funding for FY05 decreased from FY04. Based on FY05 cost report information, the rate for reimbursement for CARE services was reduced. This rate change did not affect the actual level of services provided, but resulted in a more accurate rate of payment, and thereby a more accurate reporting of data on utilization of resources. The additional funding previously targeted in this area was then reallocated to support other community mental health center services. FY06 and FY07 targets are based on anticipated inflationary increases in FY06 and FY07.

Performance Goals and Indicators- Children's Plan

Criterion 1: Comprehensive Community-Based Mental Health Service Systems

Name of Performance Indicator

Maintain low rate of readmissions to State Psychiatric Hospitals within 30 days. Reduced Utilization of Psychiatric Inpatient Beds.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	.4%	.5%	2.4%	2%	2%
Numerator	1	1	6	5	5
Denominator	255	218	251	251	251

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. South Dakota is currently working to serve more children instate (especially adolescents in the custody of the Department of Corrections). With this change, HSC has seen an increase in admissions and readmissions from adolescents who were previously in out-of-state placements. The Division of Mental Health will continue to monitor this performance indicator very closely to ensure children are receiving appropriate care and quality services.

Maintain low rate of readmissions to State Psychiatric Hospitals within 180 days. Reduced Utilization of Psychiatric Inpatient Beds

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	.5%	.5%	1.6%	1%	1%
Numerator	1	1	4	3	3
Denominator	218	218	255	255	255

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. South Dakota is currently working to serve more children instate (especially adolescents in the custody of the Department of Corrections). With this change, HSC has seen an increase in admissions and readmissions from adolescents who were previously in out-of-state placements. The Division of Mental Health will continue to monitor this performance indicator very closely to ensure children are receiving appropriate care and quality services.

<u>Name of Performance Indicator</u>: Number of youth reporting positively about outcomes.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	NA	71%	62%	71%	75%
Numerator	NA	105	60	105	120
Denominator	NA	148	97	148	160

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting increased positive outcomes is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of youth receiving CMHC services who report participation in treatment planning.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	72.7%	84%	68.4%	84%	90%
Numerator	80	120	65	120	142
Denominator	110	143	95	143	158

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting increased participation in treatment planning is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of youth receiving CMHC services who report increased levels of functioning.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	71.3%	73%	80.4%	82%	85%
Numerator	82	105	78	118	136
Denominator	115	144	97	144	160

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was accomplished.

Percentage of youth receiving CMHC services who report their families are receiving services from CMHC

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	76.2%	90.1%	56%	90.1%	92%
Numerator	166	121	47	121	138
Denominator	218	138	84	138	150

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting involvement of family in mental health services is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Percentage of youth receiving CMHC services who report involvement in the juvenile justice system.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	21%	20%	13.3%	15%	13%
Numerator	29	28	13	21	20
Denominator	140	141	98	141	155

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The response rate to the MHSIP surveys this year was lower than in previous years, thereby contributing to the inability to meet or exceed the goal. This year, the DMH used a single mail out of surveys instead of a double mail out of surveys, as has been done in past years.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) conducts the data analysis and reporting on the MHSIP Surveys for South Dakota. In consultation with WICHE regarding the changes in percentages, the actual statistics reflect no dramatic changes in responses from previous years (this is based on comparison of the mean response scores and the confidence intervals for those scores). This comparison is more statistically valid than looking at actual percentage scores for responses to items.

Ensuring individuals are reporting decreased criminal justice system contact is an important indicator for the Division of Mental Health. The Division will explore possible reasons for the drop in percentages, as well as return to the dual mail out of surveys, to ensure appropriate, consumer driven services are being provided to individuals within the community based mental health system.

Criterion 2: Mental Health System Data Epidemiology

Name of Performance Indicator

Number of persons with SED; Increased Access to Services

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	29%	29.6%	30.9%	31%	31%
Numerator	4,484	4,571	4,769	4,795	4,795
Denominator	15,453	15,453	15,453	15,453	15,453

Goal

Ensure all individuals statewide have access to appropriate mental health services.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was attained. The FY05 number of children with SED includes additional individuals who were served through an expansion of funding received to alleviate waiting lists. The FY06 and FY07 targets include the number of individuals estimated to be served through the requested expansion based on waiting lists.

Criterion 3: Children's Services

Name of Performance Indicator

Number of youth referred for mental health services through the Intensive Family Services Program (IFS)

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	72	75	61	65	68

Goal

Provide a comprehensive, organized community-based system of mental health care for children with SED to include access to an array of appropriate services and resources.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. This program provides mental health services to families of youth in DOC placements. Referrals for such services are made through an IFS social worker within the Department of Social Services. At this time, the Division is unsure what caused the reduction in referrals.

In September 2005, the Department of Corrections, Department of Social Services and the Department of Human Services met to review and evaluate the Intensive Family Services Program. Discussions approached ways to improve coordination and communication among agencies, thereby increasing referrals into the IFS program.

The Division of Mental Health will continue to work with the Department of Corrections and the Department of Social Services to ensure families are receiving mental health

services that will allow the children to remain in the home, rather than being moved to outside placements.

Criterion 4: Targeted Services to Rural and Homeless Populations

Name of Performance Indicator

Number of children who are homeless, or at risk of homelessness, receiving PATH housing funds.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	27.6%	27.6%	NA	27.6%	27.6%
Numerator	718	718	NA	718	718
Denominator	2,603	2,603	2,603	2,603	2,603

<u>Goal</u>

Provide comprehensive mental health services to homeless and rural populations of children with SED.

Narrative Explanation

This goal was not attained. The Division of Mental Health does not break out number served by adults/children, therefore this number reflects total count of individuals both

adults and children that received PATH funds. In FFY03, 1027 individuals were served through PATH. The Division, at the time of development of this Block grant based the targets for future years on that number. In FFY04, the Division of Mental Health reallocated PATH funding based on a statewide assessment of homeless individuals. The more urban areas of Sioux Falls and Rapid City have the largest homeless populations; therefore, PATH funding was reallocated to address the greater needs in these two areas. This reallocation, along with staff vacancies in both PATH Programs, may explain the drop in numbers served through PATH. The final reports for FY05 PATH numbers are not due until the end of December. Therefore, actual FY05 numbers cannot be reported at this time.

Assuring that PATH resources are being provided appropriately and according to the needs of individuals in the target population is a primary goal of the mental health block grant law and a contingency of PATH funding. The Division of Mental Health will continue to monitor this performance indicator closely to ensure resources for PATH funding are being used appropriately,

Criterion 5: Management Systems

Name of Performance Indicator

Average amount of public funds expended on mental health services for children with SED.

Population

Children with serious emotional disturbance.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	FY2004	FY2005	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007
Year	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Target
Performance					
Indicator	1,387	1,578	1,435	1,471	1,493
Numerator	5,358,608	6,225,538	5,917,060	6,064,987	6,155,962
Denominator	3,859	3,946	4,123	4,261	4,370

Goal

Ensure resources for services to children with SED are allocated based on consumer need.

Narrative Explanation

FY05 Target numbers were based on inflationary increase projections that were higher than what was actually allocated. FY06 and FY07 targets are based on anticipated inflationary increases for FY06 and FY07. The Division of Mental Health will continue to monitor expenditures to ensure resources are being allocated appropriately.